A Comparison of the Preterit and the Imperfect

- 7 The preterit and the imperfect are two tenses in Spanish used to talk about the past.
- The preterit usually corresponds to the simple past in English, whereas the imperfect is similar to the past progressive tense (was/were + -ing form) or the combination of used to or would + the infinitive in English.

El imperfecto	El pretérito
Refers to an ongoing action or state in the past.	Refers to a single completed action or state in the past.
Used for describing actions or states in the past, descriptions.	Used to describe or narrate a complete action.
Used to describe repeated habitual action in the past.	Refers to the beginning or end of an action.
Used for telling time, the date, the weather, or the season in the past.	② Used for interrupted actions.
Used for emotional or mental states in the past.	
② Used for age or possession in the past.	
② Used for parallel actions in the past.	

- **7** A combination of the imperfect and the preterit tenses is used with **interrupted action**.
 - The imperfect is used to describe an action that was in progress when another action took place (preterit).
 - □ La madre <u>miraba</u> la tele cuando el bebé <u>empezó</u> a llorar.
 The mother was watching TV when the baby began to cry.
 - <u>Comíamos</u> cuando <u>llegó</u> Oscar.
 We were eating when Oscar arrived.
 - Mientras <u>estudiaba</u> en la biblioteca, <u>sonó</u> su teléfono celular. While he was studying in the library, his cell phone rang.
- Only the imperfect is used for **parallel actions** (When two separate actions are occurring at the same time).

 - □ La maestra <u>estaba</u> enojada porque los estudiantes <u>hablaban</u> mientras <u>explicaba</u> la lección. The teacher was angry because the students were talking while she was explaining the lesson.